

# How to access and display files located on the Hard Disk or Floppy/CD/DVD drives

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July 16, 2004

## 1 How to access the files

Click on the “xterm” button to get an xterm window in which you can type commands.

- The command `df` shows the disk capacity of the mounted filesystems. The last column shows the directories in which they are mounted. The `/mnt/hd*` or `/mnt/sd*` directories correspond to your hard drive partitions. For example, to access a file under the `/mnt/hda2` directory, type this at the command prompt:  
`cd /mnt/hda2`
- To access a file on a CD-rom (or DVD-rom) drive, insert the CD/DVD into the drive and type this at the command prompt:  
`cd /mnt/cdrom`
- To access a file on a floppy disk, insert the disk into the floppy drive and type this at the command prompt:  
`cd /mnt/floppy`
- To access a file on a CD-WRITER drive, insert the CD into the drive and type these at the command prompt:  
`mount /mnt/cdwriter`  
`cd /mnt/cdwriter`
- To access a file on a DVD-WRITER drive, insert the CD/DVD into the drive and type these at the command prompt:  
`mount /mnt/dvdwriter`  
`cd /mnt/dvdwriter`

The files are accessible in their respective directory. Use the command `ls -la` to list the available files.

## 2 How to view/display the files

- To display a DVI file called `example.dvi` use this command:  
`xdvi example.dvi`
- To display a PS file called `example.ps` use this command:  
`gv example.ps`
- To display a PDF file called `example.pdf` use this command:  
`acroread example.pdf`  
By pressing Ctrl-L you can switch to fullscreen mode. Ctrl-Q exits the program.
- To display an MPEG or AVI video file called `example.avi` use this command:  
`movieplayer example.avi`